Explanation of prudential indicators

Central Government control of borrowing was ended and replaced with Prudential borrowing by the Local Government Act 2003. Prudential borrowing permitted local government organisations to borrow to fund capital spending plans provided they could demonstrate their affordability. Prudential indicators are the means to demonstrate affordability.

Gross borrowing – compares estimated gross borrowing in February 2018 strategy with actual gross borrowing as at 30 June 2018 and 30 September 2018.

Capital financing requirement (CFR) – the capital financing requirement shows the underlying need of the Council to borrow for capital purposes as determined from the balance sheet. The overall positive CFR of £112,364m provides the Council with the opportunity to borrow if appropriate. No external borrowing is planned for 2018/19.

Authorised limit for external debt - this is the maximum limit for gross external indebtedness. This is the statutory limit determined under section 3(1) of the Local Government Act 2003. This limit is set to allow sufficient headroom for day to day operational management of cashflows. This limit has not been breached in the period 1 April 2018 to 30 September 2018.

Operational boundary for external debt – this is set as the more likely amount that may be required for day to day cashflow. This limit has not been breached in the period 1 April 2018 to 30 September 2018.

Upper limit for total principal sums invested for over 365 days – the amount it is considered can prudently be invested for a period in excess of a year. Current policy only permits lending beyond 1 year with other Local Authorities up to a maximum of 3 years.